SEQUENCES

Page	Description
1	Write and complete sequences by adding or taking a number
2	Introduce the nth term rule for sequences
3	Term to term rule and the nth term rule
4	Recap on linear sequences
5	Special sequences. Squares, cubes, triangular numbers, Fibonacci and
<u> </u>	Geometric sequences
6	Introduction to quadratic sequences
7	Find the nth term of a quadratic sequence

Sequences

Write down the first FIVE numbers in each of these sequences.

1) The sequences starts with 7. The rule is add 2.

2) The sequences starts with 8. The rule is add 6.

3) The sequences starts with 3. The rule is add 7.

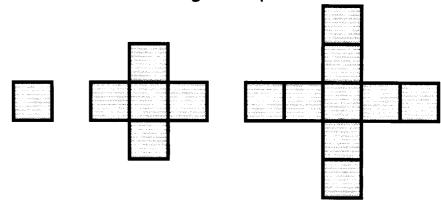
4) The sequences starts with 20. The rule is take 3.

5) The sequences starts with 15. The rule is take 4.

Write down the next two terms of these sequences and their rule.

- 6) 8, 12, 16, 20. 24, 28 The rule is + 4
- 7) 5, 12, 19, 26. 33, 40 The rule is +7
- 8) 2.5, 3.5, 4.5, 5.5. 6.5, 7.5 The rule is +1
- 9) 21, 19, 17, 15. 13, 11 The rule is -2
- 10) 24, 17, 10, 3 4, -11 The rule is -7

Use these drawings for questions 11 to 14



- 11) Write down the sequence from the drawings. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17
- 12) What is the rule for the sequence? + 4
- 13) What is the tenth number in this sequence? 37, 1,5,9,13, 17,21,25,29,33,37
- 14) The number 25 is the sequence. Which term is it? 7th

Use these drawings for questions 15 to 18



- 15) Write down the sequence from the drawings. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9
- 16) What is the rule for the sequence? +2
- 17) What is the tenth number in this sequence? 19
- 18) The number 17 is the sequence. Which term is it? 4th

Qu. 1

nth term rule **3n + 1**

3 x the position + 1

Sequences

position	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
position	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
10000	3 x 1 + 1	3 x 2 + 1	3 x 3 + 1	3 x 4 + 1	3 x 5 + 1	3 x 10 + 1
term	4	7	10	13	16	31

term to term rule +3

Qu. 2 nth term rule **4n - 1**

4 x the position - 1

	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
position	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
	4 x 1 - 1	4 x 2 - 1	4 x 3 - 1	4 x 4 - 1	4 x 5 - 1	4 x 10 - 1
term	3	7	11	15	19	39

term to term rule +4

Qu. 3 n^{th} term rule 2n + 3

2 x the position + 3

	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
position	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
	2 x 1 + 3	2 x 2 + 3	2 x 3 + 3	2 x <u>4</u> + 3	2 x <u>5</u> + 3	2 x 10+3
term	5	7	9	11	13	23

term to +2

Qu. 4 nth term rule **5n - 2**

5 x the position - 2

	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
position	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
	5 x 1 - 2	5 x 2 - 2	5 x 3 - 2	5 x <u>4</u> - 2	5 x <u>S</u> - 2	5 x 10 - 2
term	3	8	13	18	23	48

term to term rule

Qu. 5

nth term rule **4n + 3**

4 x the position + 3

1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
4×1+3	4×2+3	4×3+3	4×4+3	4×5+3	4x10+3
7	11	15	19	23	43
	n = 1	n = 1	n = 1	n=1 n=2 n=3 n=4 4x1+3 4x2+3 4x3+3 4x4+3	4×1+3 4×2+3 4×3+3 4×4+3 4×5+3

term to term rule +4

Qu. 6

nth term rule 24 - 2n

24 - 2 x the position

Remember !! Times before take

	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	10th term
position	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 10
	24 - 2 x 1	24 - 2 x 2	24-2x}	24-24	24-2×5	24-2×10
term	24 - 2	24 - 4	24-6	24 - 8	24-10	24-20
	22	20	18	16	14	4

term to term rule -2

The term to term rule is +5

The nth term rule is 5n-1

The 20th term is 99

43 7, 11, 15, 19

The term to term rule is

The nth term rule is 41+3

The 20th term is

The term to term rule is -4

The nth term rule is -4n + 24

The 20th term is

$$-4 \times 20 + 24$$

 $-80 + 24$
 $= -56$

5 The rule for a sequence is 4n + 3.

Write down the first five terms of the sequence.

7,11,15,19,23

What is the 20th term of this sequence? $4 \times 20 + 3 = 83$

Is 64 in this sequence?

No, all odd numbers

or 4n+3=64 4n=61n=61=15.25

not a whole number

The rule for a sequence is 2n -3.

Write down the first five terms of the sequence.

-1, 1, 3, 5, 7

What is the 20th term of this sequence?

2×20-3

Is 64 in this sequence?

40-3=37

no all terms are odd

or 2n-3=64 2n=67 n=67-33.5

6 The rule for a sequence is 24 - 2n.

Write down the first five terms of the sequence. 22, 20, 18, 16, 14

What is the 20th term of this sequence?

 $24 - 2 \times 20 = 24 - 80 = 56$

Is -64 in this sequence?

-64 = 24 - 20

2n - 64 = 24

21 = 88

 $n = \frac{88}{3} = 44$

Yes. the 44th term

Sequences

Write down the first FIVE terms and the 10th for each of these sequences.

- 4n + 3 1)
- 7, 11, 15, 11, 23
- 43

- 2)
- 2n+7 9,11,13,15,17
- 3)
- 10-n 9,8,7,6,5

27

- 4)
- 24-2n 22, 20, 18, 16, 14 4
- 5)
- 3n-2 1, 4, 7, 10, 13
- 28

Write down the "by position" or nth term rule for these sequences.

- 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 6)

+4

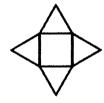
20+1

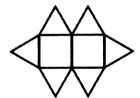
7) 6, 10, 14, 18, 22

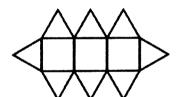
- 41 + 2
- 2, 5, 8, 11, 14 + **3** 8)

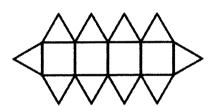
- 21, 19, 17, 15, 13 -2 -2n + 2J9)
- 30, 27, 24, 21, 18 **-3** 10)
- -30 + 37

11)









Pattern number (n)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Squares	1	2	3	4	5	6
Triangles	4	6	8	10	12	14

Find the rule for the number of triangles given the pattern number

(n) 20+2

How many triangles in the 20th drawing? $2 \times 20 + 2 = 42$

$$2 \times 20 + 2 = 42$$

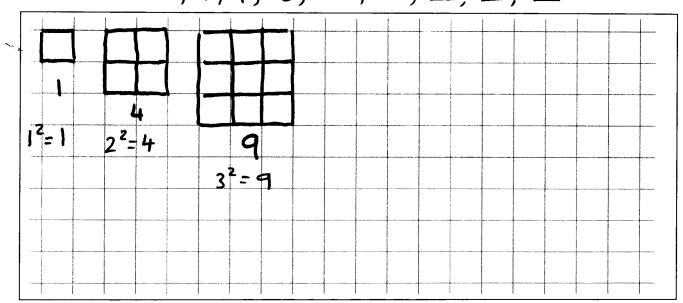
12) Here are the first five terms of a sequence.

8 11 14 17 20

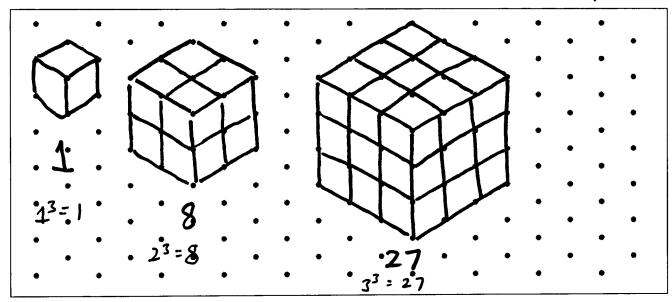
Work out the 11th term of the sequence. Explain how you worked out your answer. 11/2 tem 3×11+5

$$33 + 5 = 38$$

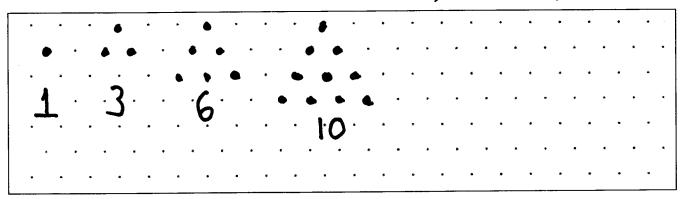
Complete the sequences square numbers 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81



CUBE NUMBERS 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729, 1000



TRIANGULAR NUMBERS 1, 3, 6, 10, $\frac{15}{21}$, $\frac{21}{28}$, $\frac{36}{36}$, $\frac{47}{45}$, $\frac{55}{55}$



Fibonacci Add the last two terms to make the next one. For example 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55

Geometric Sequence One term is multiplied by a fixed number to make the next term. E.g. 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64

Write down the first FIVE terms for these Quadratic Sequences

$$n^{2} + 2n + 1$$
 $2n^{2} - 3$ $n^{2} - 3n + 4$
 $n=1$ $1^{2} + 2 \times 1 + 1 = 4$ -1 2
 $n=2$ $2^{2} + 2 \times 2 + 1 = 4 + 4 + 1 = 9$ 5 2
 $n=3$ $3^{2} + 2 \times 3 + 1 = 9 + 6 + 1 = 16$ 15 4
 $n=4$ $4^{2} + 2 \times 4 + 1 = 16 + 8 + 1 = 25$ 29 8
 $n=5$ $5^{2} + 2 \times 7 + 1 = 25 + 10 + 1 = 36$ 47

Find the nth term rule for this quadratic sequence 2, 6, 12, 20, 30

Δ.	term	pt difference	2rd deforce	$31n^2$	tem-In2
1 1	2		12	12=	2-1=1
7	6	4	2) 12	22=4	6 -4 = 2
3	12	6	2	3 ² =9	12-9=3
	20	8	2_	4 ² =16	20-16=4
	30	10		5 ² = 25	30-25=5
					rule for
	0 10	for the	sequence = 1	.n2+1	1.2.3

Rule for the sequence = $1n^2 + n$ = $n^2 + n$ vie for the sequence 1,2,3,4,5= 0

\triangle .	1
Ou.	- 1
Qu.	_

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	2	8	16	26	38

 $n^2 + 3n - 2$

Qu. 2

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	7	17	31	49	71

Find the rules for these quadratic sequences.

Qu. 3

	n	1	2	3	4	5
-	term	9	17	31	51	77

$$3n^2-n+7$$

Qu. 4

n	1	2	3	4	5
terr	n 8	30	62	104	156

$$5n^2 + 7n - 4$$

Qu. 5

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	6	24	52	90	138

$$5n^2 + 3n - 2$$

Qu. 6

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	11	15	15	11	3

$$-2n^2+10n+3$$

Qu. 7

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	12	26	44	66	92

$$2n^2 + 8n + 2$$

Qu. 8

~					
n	1	2	3	4	5
term	3	6	13	24	39

$$2n^2 - 3n + 4$$

Qu. 9

n	1	2	3	4	5
term	6	17	34	57	86

$$3n^2 + 2n + 1$$