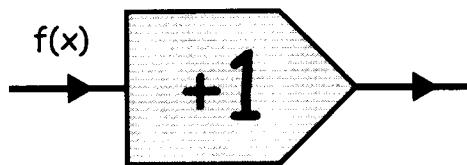


FUNCTIONS

Page	Description
1	Introduction to functions
2	Composite Functions
3	Inverse Functions
4	Functions and Composite Functions
5	Functions, Composite Functions and Inverse Functions

Find the missing values for each function

$$f(x) = x + 1$$



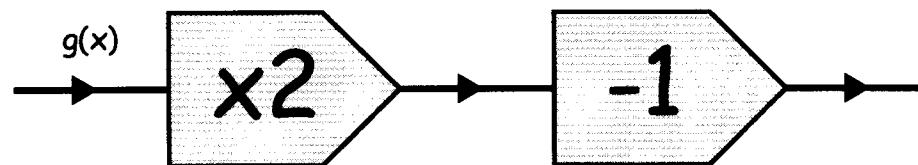
$$f(2) = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$f(5) =$$

$$f(10) =$$

Functions

$$g(x) = 2x - 1$$

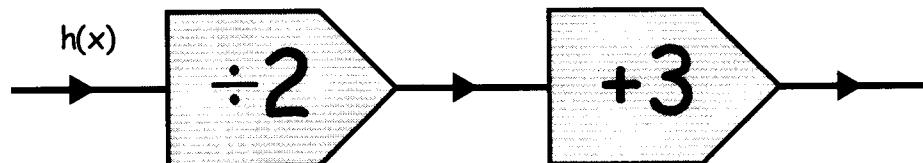


$$g(2) = 2 \times 2 - 1 = 3$$

$$g(5) =$$

$$g(10) =$$

$$h(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 3$$

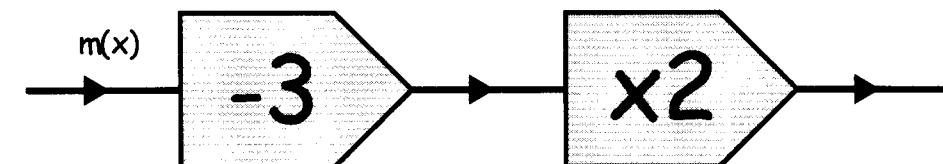


$$h(2) = \frac{2}{2} + 3 = 4$$

$$h(5) =$$

$$h(10) =$$

$$m(x) = 2(x - 3)$$



$$m(2) = 2(2 - 3) = -2$$

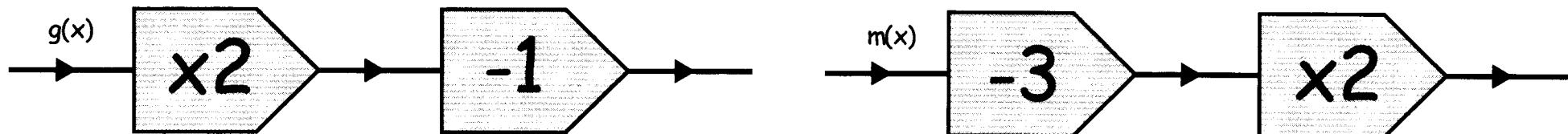
$$m(5) =$$

$$m(10) =$$

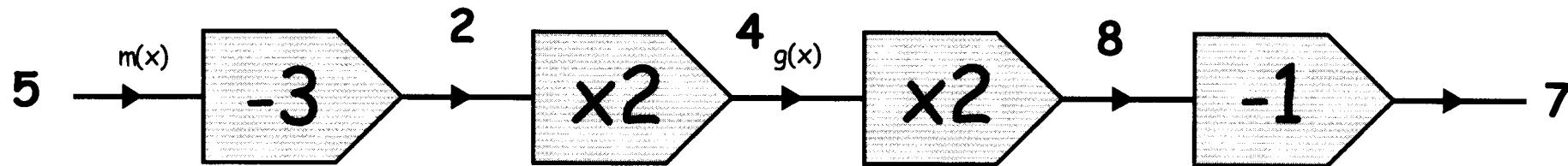
$$g(x) = 2x - 1$$

Composite Functions

$$m(x) = 2(x - 3)$$

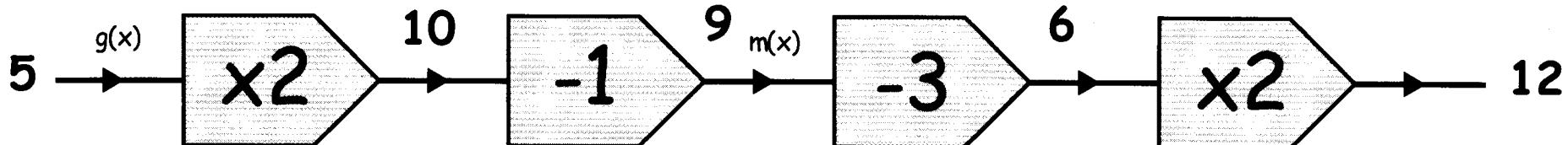


$gm(x)$ put x into m , put the output of m into g $gm(5) = 7$



Find 1) $gm(10) =$ 2) $gm(7) =$ 3) $gm(4) =$

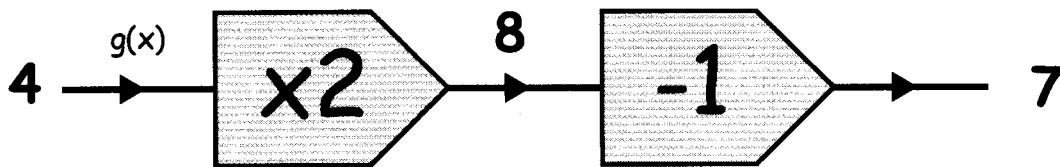
$mg(x)$ put x into g , put the output of g into m . $mg(5) = 12$



Find 4) $mg(10) =$ 5) $mg(7) =$ 6) $mg(4) =$

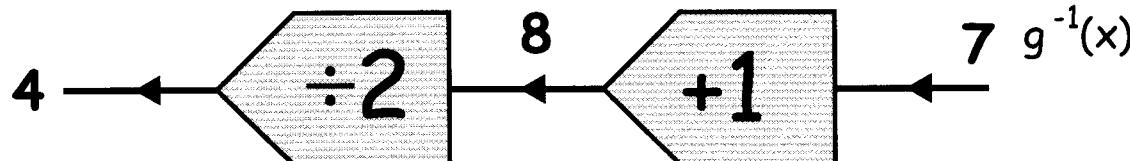
The inverse function reverses the original function

$$g(4) = 7$$



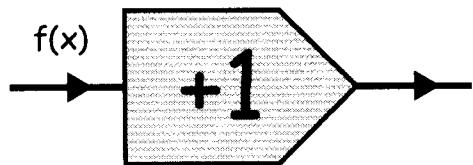
$$g(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$g^{-1}(7) = 4$$



$$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{2}$$

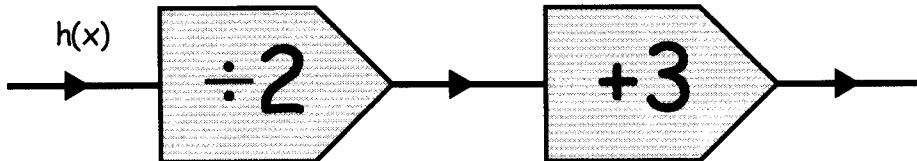
$$f(x) = x + 1$$



$$f^{-1}(x) =$$

$$f^{-1}(13) =$$

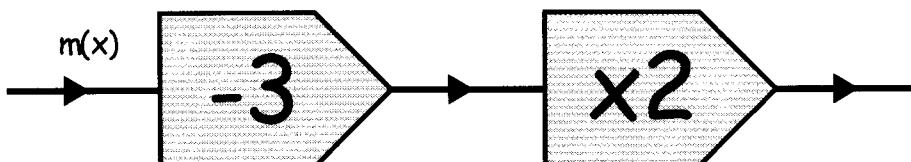
$$h(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 3$$



$$h^{-1}(x) =$$

$$h^{-1}(8) =$$

$$m(x) = 2(x - 3)$$



$$m^{-1}(x) =$$

$$m^{-1}(12) =$$

FUNCTIONS

1) $f(x) = x + 1$

a) $f(2) =$ b) $f(6) =$ c) $f(?) = 12$ d) $f(-3) =$

2) $g(x) = 2x - 1$

a) $g(3) =$ b) $g(5) =$ c) $g(-1) =$ d) $g(?) = 13$

3) $h(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 3$

a) $h(4) =$ b) $h(10) =$ c) $h(7) =$ d) $h(?) = 11$

4) $m(x) = 2(x - 3)$

a) $m(1) =$ b) $m(3) =$ c) $m(-2) =$ d) $m(?) = 10$

COMPOSITE FUNCTIONS – REMEMBER WORK FROM INSIDE OUTWARDS OR RIGHT TO LEFT

$$f(x) = x + 1 \quad g(x) = 2x - 1 \quad h(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 3 \quad m(x) = 2(x - 3)$$

5) $fg(2) =$ Hint: Put 2 into $g(x)$ then put the output into $f(x)$

6) $gf(2) =$ Hint: Put 2 into $f(x)$ then put the output into $g(x)$

7) $mh(4) =$ Hint: Put 4 into $h(x)$ then put the output into $m(x)$

8) $hm(4) =$ Hint: Put 4 into $m(x)$ then put the output into $h(x)$

9) $gh(6) =$ Hint: Put 6 into $h(x)$ then put the output into $g(x)$

10) $fm(2) =$ Hint: Put 2 into $m(x)$ then put the output into $f(x)$

11) $fh(6) =$ 12) $hg(5) =$ 13) $gm(10) =$ 14) $mf(9) =$

15) $mgf(4) =$ 16) $ff(3) =$ 17) $mm(4) =$ 18) $hh(2) =$

Functions

1) $f(x) = 5x + 1$ and $g(x) = 2(x-1)$. Find

a) $f(3)$

b) $g(4)$

c) $fg(3)$

d) $gf(1)$

e) $gg(3)$

f) $ff(2)$

g) $fg(x)$

h) $gf(x)$

i) $f^{-1}(x)$

j) $g^{-1}(x)$

k) $f^{-1}(21)$

l) $g^{-1}(16)$

2) $m(x) = 3x - 2$ and $n(x) = 4(x+1)$. Find

a) $m(3)$

b) $n(4)$

c) $mn(3)$

d) $nm(1)$

e) $nn(3)$

f) $mm(2)$

g) $mn(x)$

h) $nm(x)$

i) $m^{-1}(x)$

j) $n^{-1}(x)$

k) $m^{-1}(22)$

l) $n^{-1}(16)$

